

(c) USDA will have the burden of going forward to prove the existence of the debt.

(d) The employee requesting the hearing shall bear the ultimate burden of proof.

(e) The evidence presented by the employee must prove that no debt exists or cast sufficient doubt such that reasonable minds could differ as to the existence of the debt.

#### **§ 3.59 Written decision following a hearing.**

Written decisions provided after a hearing will include:

(a) A statement of the facts presented at the hearing to support the nature and origin of the alleged debt and those presented to refute the debt;

(b) The hearing officer's analysis, findings and conclusions, considering all of the evidence presented and the respective burdens of the parties, in light of the hearing;

(c) The amount and validity of the alleged debt determined as a result of the hearing; and

(d) There payment schedule (including percentage of disposable pay), if applicable.

(e) The determination of the amount of the debt at this hearing is the final agency action on this matter.

#### **§ 3.60 Review of Departmental record related to the debt.**

(a) *Notification by employee.* An employee who intends to inspect or copy Departmental records related to the debt must send a letter to the Secretary stating his or her intention. The letter must be received by the Secretary within 30 calendar days of the date of the Notice of Intent.

(b) *Secretary's response.* In response to the timely notice submitted by the debtor as described in paragraph (a) of this section, the Secretary will notify the employee of the location and time when the employee may inspect and copy Departmental records related to the debt.

#### **§ 3.61 Written agreement to repay debt as alternative to salary offset.**

(a) *Notification by employee.* The employee may propose, in response to a Notice of Intent, a written agreement

to repay the debt as an alternative to salary offset. Any employee who wishes to do this must submit a proposed written agreement to repay the debt which is received by the Secretary within 30 calendar days of the date of the Notice of Intent.

(b) *Secretary's response.* The Secretary will notify the employee whether the employee's proposed written agreement for repayment is acceptable. The Secretary may accept a repayment agreement instead of proceeding by offset. In making this determination, the Secretary will balance the Department's interest in collecting the debt against hardship to the employee. If the debt is delinquent and the employee has not disputed its existence or amount, the Secretary will accept a repayment agreement, instead of offset, for good cause such as, if the employee is able to establish that offset would result in undue financial hardship or would be against equity and good conscience.

#### **§ 3.62 Procedures for salary offset: When deductions may begin.**

(a) Deductions to liquidate an employee's debt will be by the method and in the amount stated in the Secretary's Notice of Intent to collect from the employee's current pay.

(b) If the employee filed a petition for a hearing with the Secretary before the expiration of the period provided for in § 3.56 then deductions will begin after the hearing officer has provided the employee with a hearing, and a final written decision has been rendered in favor of the Secretary.

(c) If an employee retires or resigns before collection of the amount of the indebtedness is completed, the remaining indebtedness will be collected according to the procedures for administrative offset (see subpart B of this part).

#### **§ 3.63 Procedures for salary offset: Types of collection.**

A debt will be collected in a lump-sum or in installments. Collection will be by lump-sum collection unless the employee is financially unable to pay in one lump-sum, or if the amount of the debt exceeds 15 percent of disposable pay for an ordinary pay period. In